119TH CONGRESS	\mathbf{C}	
1st Session		
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To provide for the coverage of medical food and vitamins and individual amino acids for digestive and inherited metabolic disorders under Federal health programs, to ensure State and Federal protection for existing coverage, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	WICKER (for himself, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Grassley, and Mr. White
	HOUSE) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred
	to the Committee on

A BILL

- To provide for the coverage of medical food and vitamins and individual amino acids for digestive and inherited metabolic disorders under Federal health programs, to ensure State and Federal protection for existing coverage, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Medical Foods and
 - 5 Formulas Access Act of 2025".
 - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
 - 7 Congress finds the following:

2 1 (1) Each year, thousands of children and adults 2 in the United States are diagnosed with certain di-3 gestive or inherited metabolic disorders that prevent 4 their bodies from digesting or metabolizing the food 5 they need to survive. For them, medically necessary 6 food, which can often be administered as an orally 7 consumed formula, is their treatment. 8 (2) Without medically necessary food, these pa-9 tients risk malnutrition, surgery, and repeated hos-10 pitalizations. They may suffer intellectual disability 11 or even death. Risks in pediatric populations are 12

or even death. Risks in pediatric populations are particularly profound and often severe and also include inadequate growth, abnormal development, cognitive impairment, and behavioral disorders. Spe-

cialized medically necessary food is standard-of-care therapy for these patients and is essential to pre-

venting such outcomes.

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- (3) While not every person diagnosed with these conditions needs to be treated with medically necessary food for a prolonged period, it is critical that patients and their physicians be able to consider the full range of options and select the treatment that will be most effective for each patient.
- (4) Insurance will typically cover pharmaceuticals or biologics for treatment of many of these

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conditions, if there is a therapy approved by the Food and Drug Administration. However, these types of treatments may not be the first-line therapy a physician would recommend, do not work for all patients, and can have undesirable risks, such as certain cancers or suppression of the immune system, which can increase a patient's risk of infection.

- (5) Even when insurance does cover medically necessary food, it can come with the stipulation the formula be administered through a feeding tube, placed through the nose into the stomach or surgically placed directly into the stomach or jejunum, even if a patient is capable of taking the formula orally without these devices. Surgical placement of feeding tubes unnecessarily results in increased risk to the patient and increased cost to the health care system.
- (6) Vitamins are essential micronutrients that play critical roles in metabolism, cellular function, and overall health. Amino acids serve as the building blocks of proteins and function as critical metabolic intermediates. Both vitamins and amino acids require careful assessment and monitoring in patients with GI and metabolic disorders, as their absorption,

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metabolism, and utilization may be significantly impacted by the underlying disease processes.

- (7) Testing for select inherited metabolic disorders is required in all States, and approximately 2,000 babies per year are diagnosed with one of these disorders that requires treatment through medically necessary food. Yet, policies on medically necessary food vary significantly and do not always make it possible for families to get sufficient nutrition for their affected children which can lead to delayed development, brain damage, and even death.
- (8) The 2022 formula shortage demonstrated the essential nature of specialty formulas for those with digestive and metabolic conditions and the dire medical consequences that can result when these formulas are inaccessible. During the shortage, patients lacking access to their formulas faced medical consequences such as feeding intolerance, weight loss, rectal bleeding, rapid gastric emptying, acute kidney injury, and electrolyte disturbances, all of which resulted in increased physician and emergency department visits. Children with metabolic disorders who were hospitalized due to lack of formula faced similar challenges due to lack of formula supply and had to be placed on IV nutrition.

1	SEC. 3. COVERAGE OF MEDICALLY NECESSARY FOOD, VITA-
2	MINS, AND INDIVIDUAL AMINO ACIDS FOR DI-
3	GESTIVE AND INHERITED METABOLIC DIS-
4	ORDERS UNDER FEDERAL HEALTH PRO-
5	GRAMS.
6	(a) Coverage Under the Medicare Program.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1861(s)(2) of the
8	Social Security Act $(42 \text{ U.S.C. } 1395x(s)(2))$ is
9	amended—
10	(A) in subparagraph (II), by striking
11	"and" at the end;
12	(B) in subparagraph (JJ), by inserting
13	"and" at the end; and
14	(C) by adding at the end the following new
15	subparagraph:
16	"(KK) medically necessary food (as defined in
17	subsection (nnn)) and, if required, the medical
18	equipment and supplies necessary to administer such
19	food, other than such food, equipment, and supplies
20	furnished to an individual that would otherwise be
21	covered for such individual under part B without ap-
22	plication of this subparagraph;".
23	(2) Definition.—Section 1861 of the Social
24	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x) is amended by add-
25	ing at the end the following new subsection:

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1	"Medically Necessary Food
2	"(nnn)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the term 'medi-
3	cally necessary food' means food, including a low protein
4	modified food product, an amino acid preparation product
5	a modified fat preparation product, a nutritional formula
6	a vitamin, or an individual amino acid, that is—
7	"(A) furnished pursuant to the prescription or
8	order of a physician, physician assistant, nurse prac-
9	titioner, or other health care practitioner acting
10	within the practitioner's scope of practice, for the di-
11	etary management of a covered disease or condition
12	"(B) a specially formulated and processed prod-
13	uct (as opposed to a naturally occurring foodstuff
14	used in its natural state) for the partial or exclusive
15	feeding of an individual by means of oral intake or
16	enteral feeding by tube;
17	"(C) intended for the dietary management of
18	an individual who, because of a specified disease or
19	condition, has limited or impaired capacity to ingest
20	digest, absorb, or metabolize ordinary foodstuffs or
21	certain nutrients, or who has other special medically
22	determined nutrient requirements, the dietary man-
23	agement of which cannot be achieved by the modi-
24	fication of the normal diet alone;

1	"(D) intended to be used under medical direc-
2	tion, which may include in a home setting; and
3	"(E) intended only for an individual receiving
4	active or ongoing medical care under the supervision
5	of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practi-
6	tioner.
7	"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'medi-
8	cally necessary food' does not include the following:
9	"(A) Foods, including vitamins and amino
10	acids, taken as part of an overall diet designed to re-
11	duce the risk of a disease or medical condition or as
12	weight loss products, even if they are recommended
13	by a physician or other health professional.
14	"(B) Foods marketed as gluten-free for the
15	management of celiac disease or non-celiac gluten
16	sensitivity.
17	"(C) Foods marketed for the management of
18	diabetes.
19	"(D) Other products determined appropriate by
20	the Secretary.
21	"(3) In this subsection, the term 'covered disease or
22	condition' means the following diseases or conditions:
23	"(A) Inherited metabolic disorders, including
24	the following:

1	"(i) Conditions included on the Rec-
2	ommended Uniform Screening Panel Conditions
3	list of the Department of Health and Human
4	Services.
5	"(ii) Organic acid conditions.
6	"(iii) Fatty acid oxidation disorders.
7	"(iv) Amino acid disorders.
8	"(v) Urea cycle disorders.
9	"(vi) Glycogen storage disorders.
10	"(vii) Biotinidase deficiency.
11	"(viii) Guanidinoacetate methyltransferase
12	deficiency.
13	"(ix) Inherited disorders of mitochondria
14	functioning.
15	"(B) Medical and surgical conditions of mal-
16	absorption, including the following:
17	"(i) Impaired absorption of nutrients
18	caused by disorders affecting the absorptive
19	surface, functional length, and motility of the
20	gastrointestinal tract, including short bowe
21	syndrome and chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruc-
22	tion.
23	"(ii) Malabsorption due to liver or pan-
24	creatic disease.

1	"(C) Immunoglobulin E and non-
2	Immunoglobulin E-mediated allergies to food pro-
3	teins, including the following:
4	"(i) Immunoglobulin E and non-
5	Immunoglobulin E-mediated allergies to food
6	proteins.
7	"(ii) Food protein-induced enterocolitis
8	syndrome.
9	"(iii) Eosinophilic disorders, including
10	eosinophilic esophagitis, eosinophilic
11	gastroenteritis, eosinophilic colitis, and post-
12	transplant eosinophilic disorders.
13	"(D) Inflammatory or immune mediated condi-
14	tions of the alimentary tract, including the following:
15	"(i) Inflammatory bowel disease, including
16	Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, and indeter-
17	minate colitis.
18	"(ii) Gastroesophageal reflux disease that
19	is nonresponsive to standard medical therapies.
20	"(E) Any other disease or condition determined
21	appropriate by the Secretary, in consultation with
22	appropriate scientific entities.
23	"(4)(A) In this subsection, the term 'low protein
24	modified food product' means a type of medical food that
25	is modified to be low in protein and formulated for oral

1	consumption for individuals with inborn errors of protein
2	metabolism.
3	"(B) Such term does not include foods that are natu-
4	rally low in protein, such as some fruits or vegetables.".
5	(3) Payment.—Section 1833(a)(1) of the So-
6	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395l(a)(1)) is amend-
7	ed—
8	(A) by striking "and" before "(HH)"; and
9	(B) by inserting before the semicolon at
10	the end the following: "and (II) with respect to
11	medically necessary food (as defined in section
12	1861(nnn)), the amount paid shall be an
13	amount equal to 80 percent of the lesser of the
14	actual charge for the services or the amount de-
15	termined under a fee schedule established by
16	the Secretary for purposes of this subpara-
17	graph.".
18	(4) Effective date.—The amendments made
19	by this subsection shall apply to items and services
20	furnished on or after the date that is 3 years after
21	the date of the enactment of this Act.
22	(b) Coverage Under the Medicaid Program.—
23	(1) In general.—Section 1905(a) of the So-
24	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(a)) is amend-
25	ed —

1	(A) in paragraph (31), by striking "and"
2	at the end;
3	(B) by redesignating paragraph (32) as
4	paragraph (33); and
5	(C) by inserting after paragraph (31) the
6	following new paragraph:
7	"(32) medically necessary food (which shall in-
8	clude at least the items and services included in such
9	term for purposes of section 1861(nnn)) and the
10	medical equipment and supplies necessary to admin-
11	ister such food; and".
12	(2) Conforming amendments.—
13	(A) Mandatory benefits.—Section
14	1902(a)(10)(A) of the Social Security Act (42
15	U.S.C. $1396a(a)(10)(A)$) is amended, in the
16	matter preceding clause (i), by striking "and
17	(30)" and inserting "(30), and (32)".
18	(B) APPLICATION OF COST LIMITS.—Sec-
19	tion 1903(i)(27) of the Social Security Act (42
20	U.S.C. 1396b(i)(27)) is amended—
21	(i) by inserting "or for equipment and
22	supplies described in section 1905(a)(32),"
23	after "2018,"; and

1	(ii) by striking "such items" each
2	place such phrase appears and inserting
3	"such items, equipment, or supplies".
4	(C) APPLICATION TO BENCHMARK AND
5	BENCHMARK-EQUIVALENT COVERAGE.—Section
6	1937(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
7	1396u-7(b)) is amended by adding at the end
8	the following new paragraph:
9	"(9) Medically necessary food.—Notwith-
10	standing the previous provisions of this section, a
11	State may not provide for medical assistance
12	through enrollment of an individual with benchmark
13	coverage or benchmark-equivalent coverage under
14	this section unless such coverage includes coverage
15	of medically necessary food (which shall include at
16	least the items and services included in such term
17	for purposes of section 1861(nnn)) and the medical
18	equipment and supplies necessary to administer such
19	food.".
20	(3) Effective date.—
21	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
22	graph (B), the amendments made by this sub-
23	section shall take effect on the date that is 2
24	years after the date of the enactment of this
25	Act.

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(B) Exception to effective date if STATE LEGISLATION REQUIRED.—In the case of a State plan for medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act which the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines requires State legislation (other than legislation appropriating funds) in order for the plan to meet the additional requirements imposed by the amendments made by this subsection, the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of its failure to meet this additional requirement before the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first regular session of the State legislature that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act. For purposes of the previous sentence, in the case of a State that has a 2-year legislative session, each year of such session shall be deemed to be a separate regular session of the State legislature.

(c) COVERAGE UNDER CHIP.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2103(c) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397cc(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(13) 1 MEDICALLY NECESSARY FOOD.—The 2 child health assistance provided to a targeted low-in-3 come child under the plan shall include coverage of 4 medically necessary food (which shall include at least 5 the items and services included in such term for pur-6 poses of section 1861(nnn)) and the medical equip-7 ment and supplies necessary to administer such 8 food.". 9 AMENDMENT.—Section (2)Conforming 10 2103(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 11 1397cc(a)) is amended, in the matter preceding 12 paragraph (1), by striking "and (8)" and inserting "(8), and (13)". 13 14 (3) Effective date.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-15 16 graph (B), the amendments made by this sub-17 section shall take effect on the date that is 1 18 year after the date of the enactment of this Act. 19 (B) Exception to effective date if 20 STATE LEGISLATION REQUIRED.—In the case of 21 a State child health plan for child health assist-22 ance under title XXI of the Social Security Act 23 which the Secretary of Health and Human 24 Services determines requires State legislation 25 (other than legislation appropriating funds) in

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order for the plan to meet the additional requirements imposed by the amendments made by this subsection, the State child health plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of its failure to meet this additional requirement before the first day of the first calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first regular session of the State legislature that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act. For purposes of the previous sentence, in the case of a State that has a 2-year legislative session, each year of such session shall be deemed to be a separate regular session of the State legislature.

(d) Coverage Under FEHBP.—

essary to administer such food.".

- 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 8902 of title 5,
 18 United States Code, is amended by adding at the
 19 end the following:
- "(q) A contract for a plan under this chapter shall require the carrier to provide coverage for medically necessary food (as defined in section 1861(nnn) of the Social Security Act) and the medical equipment and supplies nec-

1	(2) Effective date.—The amendment made
2	by paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to contract
3	years beginning on or after the date that is 1 year
4	after the date of enactment of this Act.
5	(e) Sense of Congress Regarding Coverage
6	UNDER PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCE.—It is the sense
7	of Congress that—
8	(1) medically necessary food (as defined in sub-
9	section (nnn) of section 1861 of the Social Security
10	Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x), as added by subsection
11	(a)(2)) can be life sustaining and life saving; and
12	(2) all health plans, including private health
13	plans offered by health insurance issuers, should
14	provide coverage of, and access to, medically nec-
15	essary food (as so defined) for individuals with cer-
16	tain digestive and metabolic disorders and condi-
17	tions, when prescribed or ordered by a physician,
18	physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or other
19	health care practitioner, in a manner similar to the
20	required coverage of medically necessary food for
21	such individuals under the Medicare program under
22	title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
23	1395 et seq.), the Medicaid program under title XIX
24	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.),
25	the State Children's Health Insurance Program

- 1 under title XXI of the Social Security Act (42)
- 2 U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.), and chapter 89 or title 5,
- 3 United States Code, as amended by subsections (a),
- 4 (b), (c), and (d), respectively.
- 5 (f) Nonpreemption of State Laws That Pro-
- 6 VIDE GREATER COVERAGE.—Nothing in the provisions of,
- 7 or the amendments made by, this section shall preempt
- 8 a State law that requires coverage of medically necessary
- 9 food (as defined in subsection (nnn) of section 1861 of
- 10 the Social Security Act, as added by subsection (a)) that
- 11 exceeds the requirements for coverage under such provi-
- 12 sions and amendments.
- 13 (g) Medically Necessary Nutrition Coverage
- 14 INCLUDES COMBINATIONS AND SUPPLIES.—Nothing in
- 15 the provisions of, or the amendments made by, this section
- 16 shall limit coverage of a medically necessary food (as de-
- 17 fined in subsection (nnn) of section 1861 of the Social Se-
- 18 curity Act, as added by subsection (a)) or the medical
- 19 equipment and supplies necessary to administer such food
- 20 when prescribed, ordered, or recommended in combination
- 21 with another medically necessary food (as so defined) or
- 22 other necessary medical equipment and supplies.